

(1) Easiest test - the

3x3 matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} c & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & c & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & c \end{bmatrix}$

is invertible ($\det A \neq 0$) just when its columns are linearly independent. So expand along row 1 to get

$\det(A) = c(c^2 - 1) - c = c(c^2 - 2)$
 cols thus dependent when $0 = c(c^2 - 2)$

Answer: vectors independent except when $c = 0, \sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2}$.

(3)

(7) Reduce $\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 & 3 & -1 \end{array} \right]$

to $\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 19/6 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/6 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1/2 \end{array} \right]$

Yes: \vec{b} is in the span. (2)

$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{19}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$

(3)

(a) $\begin{vmatrix} -\cos(t) & \sin(t) \\ \sin(t) & \cos(t) \end{vmatrix} = -\cos^2 t - \sin^2 t = -1$ (1)

(b) $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & t^3 \\ t^2 & t^5 \end{vmatrix} = t^5 - t^5 = 0$ (1)

(4)

(a) Best to use row 1 or col 1.

$\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & x \\ 0 & y & z \\ p & q & r \end{vmatrix} = x(t+1) \begin{vmatrix} 0 & y \\ p & q \end{vmatrix} = -pxy$ (2)

(b) Best to use col 3.

$\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 & 0 & 5 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 11 & 12 & -2 & 13 \\ -7 & 1 & 0 & 6 \end{vmatrix} = (-2)(+1) \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 6 \end{vmatrix}$

$= -2 \{ -4(6) - 1(1) \}$

$= 66$ (2)

5. ① each - $\boxed{5}$ total

$$(a) \begin{vmatrix} a & 10b \\ c & 10d \end{vmatrix} = 10(12) = \underline{120}$$

$$(b) \begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ -5c & -5d \end{vmatrix} = -5(12) = \underline{-60}$$

$$(c) \begin{vmatrix} c & d \\ a & b \end{vmatrix} = (-1)(12) = \underline{-12}$$

$$(d) \begin{vmatrix} a-2c & b-2d \\ c & d \end{vmatrix} = \underline{12}$$

$$(e) \begin{vmatrix} 3a & 3b \\ 3c & 3d \end{vmatrix} = 3^2 \cdot 12 = \underline{108}$$

(6) Singular means determ.
is 0. So

$$0 = x[x^3 - 18x] - x[0 - x^3]$$

$$= 2x^4 - 18x^2$$

$$= 2x^2(x^2 - 9) \quad (3)$$

Ans. singular for $x = 0, 3, -3$.

(7) Volume is absolute value
of the determinant:

$$\rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 6 \\ 3 & 0 & -5 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 3(15) - 5(-5) = 70$$

Ans: volume = 70

(2)

(3)